PATHWAYS 2010

‘HEKE ATU HEKE MAI’
GLOBAL TRANSITIONS
& the search for
COMMON GROUND

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Tui, Tui, Tuituia: ‘Towards a world of light’

- Whakarongo, whakarongo, whakarongo mai ra; Whakarongo ki te tangi a te manu nei;
- Tui, tui, tuituia;
- Tuia ki runga
- Tuia ki raro
- Tuia ki roto, tuia ki waho
- Tuia ki te here tangata
- Ki te wheo ao, ki te ao marama.

- Listen to the call of the Tui bird
- Calling us all to unite
- Unite with the skies
- Unite with the earth
- Unite people with their ancestral lands
- Unite individuals with their people
- In order to live in a world of light
Aotearoa New Zealand
Ancient Voyages

Malaysia - Maori

Ikan = ika (fish)

Dua = rua (two)

Khabapai = kei te pai (I am well)
Regional ties

- Shared histories
- Connecting cultures
- Shared climatic threats
- International travel
- Exchange schemes
- Joint economies
Shared Challenges

- Global climate change
- Global inequalities
- Global over-population & global food shortages
- Global colonisation
- Global competitiveness
GLOBAL INEQUALITIES

- 130 million people live in extreme poverty
- high impacts on nations in the Asia Pacific region
GLOBAL OVER-POPULATION

- World-wide food shortages
- A world population of 9 billion by 2050 (from 6.4 billion)
- A world-wide trend towards ageing
GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE

- carbon emissions & denuded landscapes
- re-emergence of diseases
- cataclysmic events
  - Droughts & floods
  - Cyclones & tsunami
- fresh water shortage
- collective agreement on strategies to reduce carbon emissions and attain carbon neutrality are needed
GLOBAL COLONISATION

- entry to world-wide markets,
- international education
- knowledge, music, art
- BUT global brands, trends, dominance
- Loss of local cultures
- Loss of native languages
- (95% of the worlds 7000 languages will be extinct by 2100)
GLOBAL COMPETITION

- Competition for new markets
- Potential consumers
- Natural resources
- Shift in world political alliances from the northern hemisphere and the west to Asia and the Pacific
- Global economic policy co-ordinating body
- G8 → G 20
The first challenge

- To harness the collective knowledge and skills so that the Asia Pacific region can advance in a cooperative and integrated way in order to face the challenges ahead.

- Regional awareness and skills relevant to the wider region will be needed
The second challenge

- To be part of the Asia Pacific regional community while retaining a Kiwi tradition
  - Indigenous heritage
  - British heritage
  - Pacific heritage
  - Asian heritage
The third challenge

- To participate in the governance of the region without diminishing national sovereignty
  - The Monarchy
  - A republic
  - The United States of Pacific
  - A New Zealand Constitution
The fourth challenge

- To value indigeneity while fostering a multi-cultural society
- Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UN 2007)
- Treaty of Waitangi
The fifth challenge

- To create a society where new settlers can feel committed and valued, retain their own languages and cultures, and be part of the growing Kiwi tradition.
The Five Challenges

- harness the collective knowledge and skills so that the Asia Pacific region can advance in a cooperative and integrated way
- be part of the Asia Pacific regional community while retaining a Kiwi tradition
- participate in the governance of the region without diminishing national sovereignty
- value indigeneity while fostering a multi-cultural society
- create a society where new settlers can feel committed and valued, retain their own languages and cultures, and be part of the growing Kiwi tradition